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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/655,229	09/05/2000	Chung Nan Chang	2174	7777	
7590 01/18/2005			EXAMINER		
Donald E Schreiber			CHEN, SHIN HON		
Donald E Schreiber A Professional Corp. Post Office Box 2926 Kings Beach, CA 96143-2926			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2131		
		-	DATE MAILED: 01/18/2009	DATE MAILED: 01/18/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commence	09/655,229	CHANG, CHUNG NAN			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Shin-Hon Chen	2131			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for R ply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a release of the provided for reply specified above, the maximum statutory perions are period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	<i>July 2004</i> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Th	nis action is non-final.				
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.				
Application Papers	·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	· · ·				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	an priority under 35 U.S.C. & 110/o	\\ (d\ or (f)			
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	/ (PTO-413) ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-29 have been examined.

Oath/Declaration

2. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because:

It does not identify the citizenship of each inventor.

It does not identify the city and either state or foreign country of residence of each inventor. The residence information may be provided on either on an application data sheet or supplemental oath or declaration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as clearly anticipated by Crandall U.S. Pat. No. 5805703 (hereinafter Crandall).

As per claim 1, Crandall discloses a protocol for cryptographic communication via a communication channel "I" in which a sending cryptographic unit "S" transmits onto the communication channel I an encrypted ciphertext message "M" obtained by supplying both a plaintext message "P" and a cryptographic key "K" to a first cryptographic device, and in which a receiving cryptographic unit "R" receives the ciphertext message M from the communication

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channel I and by supplying the ciphertext message M together with the key K to a second cryptographic device decrypts the plaintext message P therefrom (Crandall: summary: conventional cryptographic communication), a method by which the units S and R mutually establish a cryptographic key K by first exchanging messages before the sending unit S transmits the ciphertext message M comprising the steps of:

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a. the receiving unit R transmitting for storage in a publicly accessible repository a plurality of public quantities (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24 and figure 12: store publicly known information);

b. the sending unit S:

i. retrieving the plurality of public quantities from the publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30 and figure 12: the sender uses public storage information to generate key);

ii. using at least some of the plurality of public quantities, computing and transmitting to the receiving unit R a plurality of sender's quantities (Crandall: column 19: lines 42-48: plurality of sender's quantities are ciphertext message and signature); and

iii. using at least one of the plurality of public quantities, computing the key K (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30); and c. the receiving unit R, using at least one of the plurality of sender's quantities received from the sending unit S computing the key K (Crandall: figure 12 and column 20 lines 42-52: the using sender's public key to compute deciphering key).

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As per claim 2, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 1 wherein the receiving unit R, in storing the plurality of public quantities into the publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24: stores publicly known information):

i. selects at least one receiver's secret quantity (Crandall: column 8 lines 16-20 and figure 3: receiver's public key is produced by using its private key);

ii. selects for storage in the publicly accessible repository as part of the plurality of public quantities at least one selected public quantity (Crandall: column 15 lines 28-33); and

iii. using the receiver's secret quantity and the at least one selected public quantity, computes and stores in the publicly accessible repository as part of the plurality of public quantities a plurality of computed public quantities (Crandall: column 15 lines 34-38 and column 8 lines 16-20).

As per claim 3-5, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 2 wherein the plurality of public quantities/computed public quantities/selected public quantity include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24: sender's and receiver's public keys and curve parameter.., etc.; column 8 lines 8-42: how public keys are generated).

As per claim 6, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 2 wherein the sending unit S, in computing the plurality of sender's quantities for transmission to the receiving unit R (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver):

i. selects a sender's secret quantity (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: take the sender's private key); and

ii. using the sender's secret quantity and at least some of the retrieved plurality of public quantities, computes for transmission to the receiving unit R the plurality of sender's quantities

(Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: generate enciphering key to encipher the plaintext; column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver as plurality of quantities).

As per claim 7, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 6 wherein the plurality of sender's quantities include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48: the signature (u,P) is sent to the receiver; column 16 – column 17: two points on the curve; column 8 lines 35-36: form an abelian group).

As per claim 8, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 1 wherein the sending unit S, in computing the plurality of sender's quantities for transmission to the receiving unit R (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver):

i. selects a sender's secret quantity (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: take the sender's private key); and

ii. using the sender's secret quantity and at least some of the retrieved plurality of public quantities, computes for transmission to the receiving unit "R" the plurality of sender's quantities (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: generate enciphering key to encipher the plaintext; column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver as plurality of quantities).

As per claim 9, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 8 wherein the plurality of sender's quantities include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48: the signature (u,P) is sent to the receiver; column 16 – column 17: two points on the curve; column 8 lines 35-36: form an abelian group).

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As per claim 10 and 19, Crandall discloses a system adapted for communicating as an encrypted ciphertext message M a plaintext message P that has been encoded using a cryptographic key K, the system comprising:

a. a communication channel I adapted for transmitting the ciphertext message M (Crandall: summary: conventional cryptographic communication);

b. a pair of transceivers that are coupled to said communication channel I, and that are adapted for communicating the ciphertext message M from one transceiver to the other transceiver via said communication channel I (Crandall: summary: conventional cryptographic communication); and

c. a pair of cryptographic: units each of which is respectively coupled to one of said transceivers for transmitting the ciphertext message M thereto or receiving the ciphertext message M therefrom (Crandall: summary: conventional cryptographic communication), each cryptographic unit:

- i. when the cryptographic unit is to receive the ciphertext message M:
- (1) storing plurality of public quantities in a publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24 and figure 12: store publicly known information);
- (2) receiving via the communication channel I a plurality of sender's quantities from a sending cryptographic unit (Crandall: column 19: lines 42-48 and figure 12: plurality of sender's quantities are ciphertext message and signature), and using at least one of the plurality of sender's quantities in computing the key K (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30); and

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ii. when the cryptographic unit is to send the ciphertext message M, retrieving the plurality of public quantities from the publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30 and figure 12: the sender uses public storage information to generate key) and using:

- (1) at least some of the plurality of public quantities in computing the plurality of sender's quantities which the sending cryptographic unit transmits via the communication channel I to the receiving cryptographic unit (Crandall: column 19: lines 42-48: plurality of sender's quantities are ciphertext message and signature); and
- (2) at least one of the plurality of public quantities in computing the key K (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30); and iii. including a cryptographic device having:
- (1) a key input port for receiving the key K from the cryptographic unit (Crandall: figure 12 and column 20 lines 25-41: the cryptography device is provided the key);
- (2) a plaintext port (Crandall: figure 12 and column 20 lines 25-41: the cryptography device is provided key along with plaintext):
 - (a) for accepting the plaintext message P for encryption into the ciphertext message M that is transmitted from the cryptographic device (Crandall: figure 12 and column 20 lines 25-41: generate ciphertext and send it); and

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(b) for delivering the plaintext message P obtained by decrypting the ciphertext message M received by the cryptographic device (Crandall: column 20 lines 42-52 and figure 12); and

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- (3) a ciphertext port that is coupled to one of said transceivers:
- (a) for transmitting the ciphertext message M to such transceiver (Crandall: figure 12: the cryptography device sends the ciphertext), and
- (b) for receiving the ciphertext message M from such transceiver (Crandall: figure 12: the cryptography device receives the ciphertext).

As per claim 11 and 20, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 10 and 19 wherein said cryptographic unit which receives the ciphertext message M in storing the plurality of public quantities into the publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24: stores publicly known information):

- (a) selects at least one receiver's secret quantity (Crandall: column 8 lines 16-20 and figure 3: receiver's public key is produced by using its private key);
- (b) selects for storage in the publicly accessible repository as part of the plurality of public quantities at least one selected public quantity (Crandall: column 15 lines 28-33); and
- (c) using the receiver's secret quantity and the at least one selected public quantity, computes and stores in the publicly accessible repository as part of the plurality of public quantities a plurality of computed public quantities (Crandall: column 15 lines 34-38 and column 8 lines 16-20).

As per claim 12-14 and 21-23, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 11 and 19 wherein the plurality of public quantities/computed public quantities/selected public quantity

include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24: sender's and receiver's public keys and curve parameter..., etc.; column 8 lines 8-42: how public keys are generated).

As per claim 15 and 24, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 11 and 19 wherein the sending unit S, in computing the plurality of sender's quantities for transmission to the receiving cryptographic unit (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver):

i. selects a sender's secret quantity (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: take the sender's private key); and

ii. using the sender's secret quantity and at least some of the retrieved plurality of public quantities, computes for transmission to the receiving unit R the plurality of sender's quantities (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: generate enciphering key to encipher the plaintext; column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver as plurality of quantities).

As per claim 16 and 25, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 15 and 24 wherein the plurality of sender's quantities include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48: the signature (u,P) is sent to the receiver; column 16 – column 17: two points on the curve; column 8 lines 35-36: form an abelian group).

As per claim 17 and 26, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 10 and 19 wherein the sending unit S, in computing the plurality of sender's quantities for transmission to the receiving cryptographic unit (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver):

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i. selects a sender's secret quantity (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: take the sender's private key); and

ii. using the sender's secret quantity and at least some of the retrieved plurality of public quantities, computes for transmission to the receiving cryptographic unit the plurality of sender's quantities (Crandall: column 13 lines 18-30: generate enciphering key to encipher the plaintext; column 19 lines 42-48 and figure 12: ciphertext and signature are sent to the receiver as plurality of quantities).

As per claim 18 and 27, Crandall further discloses the system of claims 17 and 16 wherein the plurality of sender's quantities include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48: the signature (u,P) is sent to the receiver; column 16 – column 17: two points on the curve; column 8 lines 35-36: form an abelian group).

As per claim 28, Crandall discloses a protocol for communication in which a sending unit S transmits onto the communication channel I a message "M" together with a digital signature (Crandall: summary: communication channel; column 19 lines 42-48: send ciphertext and digital signature), and, wherein before transmitting the message M and the digital signature, the sending unit S transmits for storage in a publicly accessible repository a plurality of public quantities (Crandall: column 20 lines 15-24: store publicly known information), a method by which a receiving unit R that receives the message M and the digital signature verifies the authenticity of digital signature (Crandall: column 16 lines 63-67: authenticate the digital signature) comprising the steps performed by the receiving unit R of:

a. retrieving the plurality of public quantities from the publicly accessible repository (Crandall: column 17 lines 1-50);

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b. using the digital signature and the plurality of public quantities, evaluating expressions of at least two (2) different verification relationships (Crandall: column 17 lines 44-50: two different equations); and

c. comparing pairs, of results obtained by evaluating the expressions of the at least two (2) different verification relationships (Crandall: column 17 lines 49-50: the digital signature is assumed authenticated when O and R match).

As per claim 29, Crandall further discloses the method of claim 28 wherein the plurality of public quantities include a plurality of vectors (Crandall: column 19 lines 42-48: the signature (u,P) is sent to the receiver; column 16 – column 17: two points on the curve; column 8 lines 35-36: form an abelian group).

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 7/12/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding to applicant's arguments, applicant argues that the storage of any information or data into the public source either by a sender or by a receiver is not disclosed in the Crandall reference in its text or implicitly. However, Crandall discloses the public source contains the public keys of the sender and receiver, which inherently discloses that the public keys are transmitted by the sender and receiver. On the other hand, applicant argues that storage of plurality of public quantities in a publicly accessible repository. However, Crandall reference discloses the plurality of public quantities in column 13 lines 9-18: the publicly known information such as the public keys, the initial point, the field Fpk, and the curve parameter "a".

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Therefore, the publicly known information is not only restricted to the public keys. Therefore, the applicant's arguments are respectfully traversed.

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shin-Hon Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shin-Hon Chen Examiner Art Unit 2131

PRILLIPY EXAMINED

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